

Name: _____ Date: _____ Course: _____ Test: _____

19-1. VOCABULARY, CHARACTERS, AND PRONUNCIATION: Select the best answer for the following questions.

- _____ 1. Which character is pronounced è?
a.我 b.飯/饭 c.餃/饺 d.餓/饿
- _____ 2. Which characters are pronounced fùxí?
a.複習/复习 b.學習/学习 c.休息 d.練習/练习
- _____ 3. What is the Pinyin for the phrase 生病?
a.shēnbìng b.shēngbìn c.shēngbìng d.shēnbìn
- _____ 4. Which character contains the radical for **sick**?
a.感 b.應/应 c.醫/医 d.病
- _____ 5. Which character contains the radical for grass?
a.複/复 b.筆/笔 c.藥/药 d.疼
- _____ 6. Which characters mean “**to have a headache**”?
a.感冒 b.發燒/发烧 c.咳嗽 d.頭疼/头疼
- _____ 7. Which characters mean “**exam**”?
a.考試/考试 b.複習/复习 c.準備/准备 d.筆記/笔记
- _____ 8. What is the meaning of the characters 休息?
a.to thank b.to rest c.to prepare d.to be like
- _____ 9. What is the meaning of the characters 吃药?
a.to eat b.to drink c.to take medicine d.to receive an injection
- _____ 10. This "Drop Down List" question type is not supported in printed tests

19-2 GRAMMAR 1: Select the answer that best translates the given sentence into Chinese.

- _____ 11. Did you catch a cold?
a. 你感冒了吗?
b. 你感冒吗?
c. 你感冒了呢?
d. 你没感冒了你吗?
- _____ 12. Did you take the medicine?
a. 你吃药没有了?
b. 你吃了没有药?
c. 你没有吃药了吗?
d. 你吃药了没有?
- _____ 13. He does not drink coffee any more.
a. 他还不喝咖啡。
b. 他不喝了咖啡。
c. 他不喝咖啡了。
d. 他不想喝咖啡了。
- _____ 14. She does her homework slowly.
a. 她做功课做得很慢。
b. 她做功课做的很慢。
c. 她做得功课做很慢。
d. 她做功课做地很慢。
- _____ 15. He walks slowly.
a. 他慢慢得走。
b. 他慢慢地走。
c. 他慢慢走得。
d. 他慢慢走的。

19-3 GRAMMAR 2: Choose the number sequence that shows the correct sentence order.

- _____ 16. 你 功课 了 做 没 有 ?
1 2 3 4 5 6
a.2 6 1 5 4 3 b.1 5 6 4 2 3 c.4 2 1 5 6 3 d.1 4 2 3 5 6
- _____ 17. 蛋糕 吃 很快 吃得 妹妹 。
1 2 3 4 5
a.2 1 5 3 4 b.5 2 1 4 3 c.5 4 1 2 3 d.2 3 5 4 1
- _____ 18. 好好地 生病 你 休息 的时候 , 应该 。
1 2 3 4 5 6
a.2 5 3 6 1 4 b.3 1 2 5 6 4 c.4 5 3 6 1 2 d.3 6 1 2 4 5
- _____ 19. 天气 的 很冷 , 今天 昨天 热了 。
1 2 3 4 5 6
a.1 2 3 4 6 5 b.5 2 3 4 6 1 c.5 2 1 3 4 6 d.2 3 4 6 1 5
- _____ 20. 从 昨天 法国 回来 他们 了 。
1 2 3 4 5 6
a.1 3 4 6 2 5 b.4 1 3 5 2 6 c.5 2 4 6 1 3 d.2 5 1 3 4 6

19-4 CULTURE: Select the best answer to the following questions.

- _____ 21. Which of the following is true about Chinese medicine?
- a. Chinese medicine is practiced only by monks in China today.
 - b. In ancient times, herbs were a supplement to Western medicine.
 - c. Herbal medicine has been used to treat diseases in China for over 4,000 years.
 - d. Chinese people believe that only Western medicine can successfully keep people in good health.
- _____ 22. What is the origin of Chinese medicine?
- a. It developed from theories passed on by Shaolin monks.
 - b. It came from Indian traditional medicine.
 - c. It developed from Daoist theories of the five vital organs and acupuncture.
 - d. It developed from Daoist theories of yin and yang, and the five elements.
- _____ 23. Which of the following is true?
- a. The universe is regarded as the human body in miniature.
 - b. Yang is predominate during nighttime.
 - c. Yin is predominate during daytime.
 - d. Too much yin energy often causes depression.

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- _____ 24. According to Chinese medicine, how do people become sick?
- a. People become sick when there is too much qi energy in the body.
 - b. People become sick when the balance of yin and yang in the body are disrupted.
 - c. People become sick when they stop taking herbal medicine.
 - d. People become sick when the balance of the three elements and the three vital organs is disrupted.
- _____ 25. What do the Five Elements of Chinese medicine correspond to?
- a. The five main herbal remedies.
 - b. The five main acupuncture points.
 - c. The five Tai Chi exercises.
 - d. The five vital organs.
- _____ 26. How does a traditional Chinese doctor examine a patient?
- a. Examination of the tongue and pulse.
 - b. Examination of the back of the throat.
 - c. Examination of a blood sample.
 - d. Examination of the patient's eyes.
- _____ 27. All of the following are common Chinese traditional medicine remedies EXCEPT _____.
- a. acupuncture
 - b. cupping
 - c. juice fasting
 - d. herbal medicine

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- _____ 28. In addition to herbal medicine, what is also often suggested as a remedy?
- a. visiting a temple
 - b. treatment by food
 - c. treatment by fasting
 - d. sleeping more
- _____ 29. To live a long life, Chinese people try to do all of the following EXCEPT _____.
- a. stay inside during daytime
 - b. daily exercises
 - c. eating a good diet
 - d. leading a balanced life
- _____ 30. In the saying 良药苦口，忠言逆耳 [liáng yào kǔ kǒu zhōng yán nì ěr], what is compared to medicine?
- a. bitter taste
 - b. listening
 - c. sincerity
 - d. advice

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1. d. 饿
2. a. 复习
3. c. shēngbìng
4. d. 病
5. c. 药
6. d. 头疼
7. a. 考试
8. b. to rest
9. c. to take medicine
10. This "Drop Down List" question type is not supported in printed tests
11. a. 你感冒了吗？
12. d. 你吃药了没有？
13. c. 他不喝咖啡了。
14. a. 她做功课做得很慢。
15. b. 他慢慢地走。
16. d. 1 4 2 3 5 6

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17. b.5 2 1 4 3

18. a.2 5 3 6 1 4

19. c.5 2 1 3 4 6

20. d.2 5 1 3 4 6

21. c.Herbal medicine has been used to treat diseases in China for over 4,000 years.

22. d.It developed from Daoist theories of yin and yang, and the five elements.

23. d.Too much yin energy often causes depression.

24. b.People become sick when the balance of yin and yang in the body are disrupted.

25. d.The five vital organs.

26. a.Examination of the tongue and pulse.

27. c.juice fasting

28. b.treatment by food

29. a.stay inside during daytime

30. d.advice